Game On! Project Guide



PROJECT OVERVIEW:

Use the design thinking process to create a new board game that reflects the needs and preferences of a defined user.

Project Intro Video: Game On!

Inspirational Video: **Exploding Kittens** Game Explained





PROJECT CATEGORY: Design

DIFFICULTY LEVEL: Beginner

TIME RANGE: 60 - 120 minutes

ESSENTIAL SKILLS MINDSETS THAT YOU MAY LEARN:

Design Thinking

Iteration

- Tinkering
- Collaboration

Resiliency

Failure Leading to Success

TOOLS AND MATERIALS:

- One piece of medium-size foam core (Michaels, craft store) for the game board base
- Various tapes or adhesives
- · Colorful markers, crayons, felt pens, pencils, etc.
- Assorted papers: blank, colored, graph
- Scissors
- · Craft items to create spinners, cards, game pieces, etc.
 - Index cards
 - PlayDoh or air-dry clay
 - Chenille stems (pipe cleaners)
 - Brass fasteners

AT HOME SUBSTITUTIONS:

• A solid game board base is a must, if you don't have foam core, a piece of cardboard box will suffice.

MATERIAL PURCHASE LINK: http://tiny.cc/Intelbuylist

Project Steps Prepare

Form a group (2 to 4 people is best but you may also do this individually) [:02]

Watch the intro and inspire-to videos. [:08]

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Talk about and discuss games you've played before and why you liked them. [:03]

Empathize

Review the design thinking process by watching the "Dash of Design" video. [:05]

5 Brainstorm ideas of who your game player will be. [:08]

Think about their needs, wants and desires, and what will make the game fun and useful for their situation?

Define

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6 Define a vision and vision statement for your game. [:03]

Think about their needs, wants and desires, and what will make the game fun and useful for their situation?

7 Based on the vision, pick a theme for your game. [:05]

Ideate

Decide how players will move around the board and win your game. [:05]

Incorporate various game mechanics to finalize your game design. [:05]

Prototype

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Get your materials, sketch out game components, and start to build your prototype! [:15]

Test

Test-play the game to gain understanding and see how it works. [:10]

Reflect

Get feedback from others on what worked and what did not work in your new game. [:05]

Expand It!

Here are some ideas for taking this activity to the next level:

- Add a second or third session to provide time to iterate: Iterate and improve based on your play testing notes. What problems do you need to address? How might you make changes?
- Add a Restriction: How would the design change if you added a restriction? Limit the number of players, the number of rules, the types of components, or the duration of the game. Use Boardgamizer.com for additional restriction options.

THEME BUILDING QUESTIONS:

Use the items below to help you design the best theme for your game.

- Setting- where does your game take place?
- Characters- are all of the characters/pieces the same (like monopoly) or different with different abilities (like chess)?
- Actions/Events -how does the game end? How do players win? What happens during each round or turn?

QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER:

- How will they win?
- Will they gain points or collect resources?
- Will your game involve a spinner, dice, or card draws?
- Will your game be strategy, chance or a blend of both?

HELPFUL RESOURCES:

Dig deeper into game design using the following websites. They are packed with information, ideas, and examples:

- Random Idea Generator: http://www.boardgamizer.com
- BGG Mechanics List: https://boardgamegeek.com/ browse/boardgamemechanic
- Board Game Geek: https://boardgamegeek.com

NEED MORE HELP AND INFORMATION?

Contact us at: intelfutureskills@intel.com

PRO-TIPS:

Most good games have: Scarcity – Limited resources, time, space.

Chance – A random or unpredictable element.

Control –

Meaningful choices or actions for players.

Progression – Change or development over time. Each turn

should be different.

Interaction – Choices affect the board and other players.

Does your design include these? How might it?